Autumn	Spring	Summer
<ul> <li>1. Earth and Space</li> <li>Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system,</li> <li>Describe the movement of the moon relative to the Earth</li> <li>Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon a approximately spherical bodies</li> <li>In Summer term – use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sum across the sky</li> <li>2. Light</li> <li>Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines</li> <li>Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye.</li> <li>Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes</li> <li>Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why the shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>J. Living things and their Habitats</li> <li>Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird</li> <li>Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals</li> <li>Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals</li> <li>Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4. Animals including humans <ul> <li>Describe the changes as humans develop to old age</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood</li> <li>Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function</li> <li>Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans</li> </ul> <li>5. Evolution and Inheritance <ul> <li>Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago</li> <li>Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents</li> <li>Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaption may lead</li> </ul></li>

## Year 5 + 6 – Science – Long Term Plan (Cycle B)